

Problem Set #4

Biochemistry

Question 1:

Name the 3 general processes of the central dogma and provide the name of the enzyme that is performing the respective function. Bonus: do the same for the 2 special processes.

Answer:

Question 2:

In which direction does DNA polymerase elongate and proofread? Explain the terms processivity and synthesis rate and provide a number for these processes.

Answer:

Question 3:

What are Okazaki fragments, where do they occur and why do they exist? How are Okazaki fragments resolved?

Answer:

Question 4:

What separates the two strands of the parental DNA to be replicated?

Answer:

Question 5:

Estimate the DNA synthesis rate based on E. coli with a doubling time of 20 minutes.

Answer:

Question 6:

What are the major steps in transcription?

Answer:

Question 7:

Does RNA polymerase require a primer for transcription?

Answer:

Question 8:

What is the function of E. coli sigma factors?

Answer:

Question 9:

What are the two types of transcriptional termination?

Answer:

Question 10:

What are the 3 sites in the ribosome that a tRNA transitions through? Name the sites and provide a brief description of the process taking place in each site.

Answer:

Question 11:

What is the function of elongation factor TU (EF-TU)?

Answer:

Question 12:

Are stop codons recognized by a specific tRNA or a protein?

Answer:

Question 13:

What are the two main ways in which mutations can arise?

Answer:

Question 14:

Do all single nucleotide mutations result in a change in amino acid?

Answer:

Question 15:

Translate the following DNA sequence into a peptide.

5' AGGGCATGGCTCTCAAGGTGGACTTCGGATAAGCATCA 3'

Answer: